

Hate Crime

Data Set Overview and History

The Department of Justice (DOJ) Criminal Justice Statistics Center (CJSC) collects information on hate crimes. Hate crimes data are submitted to DOJ monthly by various law enforcement agencies (LEAs) throughout the state. Hate crime acts involve the intent to cause physical injury, emotional suffering, or property damage where there is a reasonable cause to believe that the crime was motivated by the victim's race, ethnicity, religion, gender, sexual orientation, or physical or mental disability.

Statutory Authority

DOJ has the statutory authority to collect hate crimes data pursuant to Penal Code section 13023.

Data Characteristics and Known Limitations

The following information and limitations should be considered when using hate crime data:

1. A hate crime event contains the occurrence of one or more criminal offenses, committed against one or more victims, by one or more suspects or perpetrators. Victims can have more than one offense committed against them. These data provide information regarding the most serious offense committed.
2. Hate crimes reported by law enforcement agencies are counted in a specific way. In each hate crime event, DOJ counts the total number of victims, the total number of suspects, and the total number of criminal offenses in one event. These totals are then classified and counted by type of bias motivation (anti-black, anti-Hispanic, anti-Jewish, anti-gay, etc.), type of crime (murder, aggravated assault, burglary, destruction/ vandalism, etc.), the location where the crime took place (residence, street, synagogue, school, etc.), and the type of victim (individual or property).
3. DOJ requested that each law enforcement agency establish procedures incorporating a two-tier review (decision-making) process. The first level is done by the initial officer who responds to the suspected hate crime incident. At the second level, each report is reviewed by at least one other officer to confirm that the event was, in fact, a hate crime.
4. Caution should be used when making jurisdictional comparisons. The following factors should be considered: cultural diversity and population density; size of law enforcement agencies; and the training received in the identification of hate crimes by law

enforcement officers in each jurisdiction.

5. The following factors may influence the volume of hate crimes reported to DOJ:
 - a. Cultural practices of individuals and their likeliness to report hate crimes to law enforcement agencies.
 - b. Strength and investigative emphasis of law enforcement agencies.
 - c. Policies of law enforcement agencies.
 - d. Community policing policies.
6. In 2009, DOJ began collecting information on hate crimes involving multiple-bias motivations. Law enforcement agencies were able to report up to five bias motivations for each hate-related event, as long as there was a unique offense for each bias motivation.
7. In 2011, DOJ expanded the acceptable location codes for the California hate crime data collection system to reflect modifications implemented at the national level.
8. In 2013, DOJ expanded the gender bias for the California hate crime data collection system to include gender non-conforming in order to reflect modifications implemented at the national level.
9. In 2013, the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting Program revised the definition of "forcible rape" (the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will) to "rape" and defined as "penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim." DOJ implemented this definition change in January 2014.
10. In 2014, DOJ expanded the religion bias for the California hate crime data collection system to include Sikh in order to reflect modifications implemented at the national level.
11. In 2015, DOJ expanded the race and ethnicity bias for the California hate crime data collection system to include Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander in order to reflect modifications implemented at the national level.
12. In 2015, several religion bias types that were previously captured as Anti-other religion were separated out to reflect modifications implemented at the national level. The bias types are as follows: Anti-Buddhist, Anti-Church of Jesus Christ (formerly referenced as Mormon), Anti-Eastern Orthodox, Anti-Hindu, Anti-Jehovah's Witness, and Anti-other Christian.

13. In 2016, the FBI Director informed all state Statistical Analysis Centers that the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting program would be transitioning to a National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) only data collection by January 1, 2021. The California DOJ embarked on a five year effort to develop and implement a new state repository, the California Incident Based Reporting System (CIBRS) to house the new FBI statistical reporting format. The CIBRS repository is a combination of the federal NIBRS requirements with additional California specific data elements. The California DOJ began collecting data in CIBRS in 2021. The 2021 file is a combination of data collected through both reporting formats and is presented in the Summary format.
14. In 2019, Orange County Sheriff disclosed that they unintentionally under-reported four 2018 hate crimes during the reporting cycle.
15. In 2022, a review request of a 2020 submission from UC Santa Cruz resulted in the determination that the submission was inadvertently misclassified and was in fact a hate crime.
16. For data collection years 2001 to 2020, a significant reason for the disparity between individual victims and victims that are an entity is due to DOJ's use of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Uniform Crime Reporting program standards. A property crime against an entity (a business, religious organization, government institution, etc.) can only be counted as one victim, whereas a crime committed against an individual can have more than one victim per crime event.

Due to the introduction of California Incident-Based Reporting System (CIBRS) data in 2021 an incident can now have more than one non-person victim where multiple entities (a business, religious organization, government institution, etc.) are victims at the same or adjoining location.

Incidents collected in the CIBRS repository may contain more than one victim type per incident. Where multiple victim types were reported for an incident, these data are limited to one victim type presented per incident. Person victim types are prioritized over nonpersons. Where there are multiple non person victims the victim type associated with the most serious offense is presented. For this reason, caution should be used when viewing the total number of victims by victim type.

17. In 2024, DOJ renamed the Anti-Mormon bias type to Anti-Church of Jesus Christ to reflect modifications implemented at the national level.

Glossary of Terms

Aggravated Assault – An unlawful attack by one person upon another wherein the offender uses a dangerous weapon or displays it in a threatening manner or the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury, or where there was a risk for serious injury/intent to seriously injure.

Ancestry Bias – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their common lineage or descent.

Bias – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, or physical/mental disability.

Bisexual – (adjective) Of or relating to people who are physically, romantically, and/or emotionally attracted to both men and women.

Case – A set of facts about a crime that is referred to a district attorney for filing with a court. The case may charge one or more persons with the commission of one or more offenses. (For this report, the case must contain some element of bias.)

Complaints Filed – Any verified written accusation, filed by a district attorney with a criminal court, that charges one or more persons with the commission of one or more offenses. (For this report, the case must contain some element of bias.)

Conviction – A judgment based on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer or on a guilty plea or a nolo contendere plea of the defendant.

Disability Bias – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age, or illness.

Disposition – In criminal procedure, the sentencing or other final settlement of a criminal case.

Ethnic Bias – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry. The concept of ethnicity differs from the closely related term race in that “race” refers to grouping based mostly upon biological criteria, while “ethnicity” also encompasses additional cultural factors.

Event – An occurrence where a hate crime is involved. (In this report, the information about the event is a crime report or source document that meets the criteria for a hate crime.) There may be one or more suspects involved, one or more victims targeted, and one or more offenses involved for each event.

Gay – (adjective) Of or relating to people who are physically, romantically, and/or emotionally attracted to people of the same sex.

Gender Bias – (noun) A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender, i.e., male or female.

Gender Identity Bias – A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender nonconforming individuals.

Gender Nonconforming – (adjective) Describes a person who does not conform to the gender-based expectations of society, e.g., a woman dressed in traditionally male clothing or a man wearing makeup.

Guilty Plea – A defendant’s formal answer in open court stating that the charge is true and that he or she is guilty of the crime charged.

Hate Crime – A criminal offense against a person or property motivated in whole or in part by an offender’s bias(es) against a race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, or physical/mental disability.

Heterosexual – (adjective) Of or relating to people who are physically, romantically, and/or emotionally attracted to people of the opposite sex.

Known Suspect – Any person alleged to have committed a criminal act or attempted criminal act to cause physical injury, emotional suffering, or property damage. The known suspect category contains the number of suspects that have been identified and/or alleged to have committed hate crimes as stated in the crime report. For example, witnesses observe three suspects fleeing the scene of a crime. The word “known” does not necessarily refer to specific identities.

Lesbian – (adjective) Of or relating to women who are physically, romantically, and/or emotionally attracted to other women.

LGBTQ+ – (noun) Common initialism for “lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer+,” used here to refer to community organizations or events that serve lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and allied people.

Location – The place where the hate crime event occurred. The location categories follow Uniform Crime Reporting program location specifications developed by the FBI. Examples are residence, hotel, bar, church, etc.

Mental Disability – Any mental impairment or psychological disorder such as organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities (Americans with Disabilities Act).

Multi-Racial – A hate crime that involves more than one victim or suspect, and where the victims or suspects are from two or more different race groups, such as African American and white or Hispanic and Asian.

Nolo Contendere – A plea or answer in a criminal action in which the accused does not admit guilt but agrees to be subject to the same punishment as if they were guilty.

Offenses – Criminal acts that are recorded as follows: murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, arson, simple assault, fondling, kidnapping/abduction, intimidation, destruction/vandalism, false pretense/swindle, hacking/computer invasion, weapons law violation, sodomy, sexual assault with an object, extortion/blackmail, impersonation, drug equipment violations, drug/narcotic violations, pornography/obscene material and shoplifting as defined in the UCR and the national Hate Crimes Statistics Report.

“Other” Values – Capture bias types not specifically called out in their respective categories.

Physical Disability – Any physical impairment; any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory (including Version 3.0, 3/1/2022 10 speech organs), cardiovascular, reproductive, digestive, genitourinary, hemic and lymphatic, skin, and endocrine. (Americans with Disabilities Act)

Property Crimes – Burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, arson, destruction/vandalism, false pretense/swindle, hacking/computer invasion, weapons law violation, extortion/blackmail, impersonation, drug equipment violations, drug/narcotic violations, pornography/obscene, and shoplifting material are reported as property crimes. (weapons law violation, drug equipment

violations, drug/narcotic violations, and pornography/obscene material are included in crimes against society in the FBI Hate Crimes Statistics Report.)

Racial Bias – A preformed opinion or attitude that is generally negative toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair, facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind.

Religious Bias – A preformed opinion or attitude that is generally negative toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs.

Sexual-Orientation Bias – (noun) A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation.

Sexual-Orientation – (noun) The term for a person's physical, romantic, and/or emotional attraction to members of the same and/or opposite sex, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, and heterosexual (straight) individuals.

Simple Assault – An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a dangerous weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Transgender – (adjective) Of or relating to a person who identifies as a different gender from their gender as assigned at birth, including non-binary people.

Trial Verdict – The finding or answer of a jury or judge concerning a matter submitted to them for their judgment.

Uniform Crime Reporting – A federal reporting system that provides data on crime, based on police statistics submitted by law enforcement agencies throughout the nation. DOJ administers and forwards the data for California to the federal program.

Victim – An individual, a business or financial institution, a religious organization, a government entity, or other. For example, if a church or synagogue is vandalized or desecrated, the victim would be a religious organization.

Violent Crimes – Murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, kidnapping/abduction, simple assault, fondling, intimidation, sodomy, and sexual assault with an object are considered violent crimes in this report. (Robbery is included in crimes against property in the FBI Hate Crimes

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Statistics Report.)

Data Elements and Values Defined

Cell Location	Data Element	Description/ Definition	Value
A	RecordID	The system generated number assigned to the incident.	15 digit alpha-numeric
B	ClosedYear	The year the hate crime incident occurred or was discovered.	Numeric (CCYY)
C	MonthOccurrence	The month the hate crime incident occurred or was discovered.	Numeric (1-12)
D	County	County of reporting agency.	Numeric (01-58)
E	NCIC	The number for the reporting Agency.	Four digit alpha-numeric (0100-5899)
F	TotalNumberofVictims	The total number of victims affected by the hate crime incident.	Numeric Count
G	TotalNumberofIndividualVictims	The total number of person victims affected by the hate crime incident.	Numeric Count

H	SuspectsRaceAsAGroup	The race of the suspects as a group, not individually. For example, if there were three white and one Asian in the group of suspects the value here would read "Group of Mixed Races"	<p><u>Current Codes:</u></p> <p>American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Black or African American Group of Multiple Races Hispanic Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander White</p> <p><u>Previous Codes:</u></p> <p>Asian/Pacific Islander (Valid 2001-2015) East Indian/Asian Indian (Valid 2003-2015) East Indian (valid in 2002) White (includes Hispanic, East Indian) (Valid 1995-2000)</p>
I	TotalNumberOfSuspects	The total number of known suspects involved with the hate crime incident.	Numeric Count
J	MostSeriousUCR	The most serious crime (offense) committed in this hate crime incident. The crime types are defined by the federal Uniform Crime Report program.	<p>Aggravated Assault Arson Burglary Counterfeiting/Forgery Destruction/Damage/Vandalism Drug Equipment Violations Drug/Narcotic Violations Extortion/Blackmail False Pretense/Swindling/Confidence Game Fondling Hacking/computer invasion Impersonation Intimidation Kidnapping/abduction Larceny-Theft Motor Vehicle Theft Murder Pornography/Obscene Material Rape Robbery</p>

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			Shoplifting Simple Assault Sodomy Weapons Law Violation
K	MostSerious UCRType	The category of crime the most serious offense is associated with.	Violent Crimes Property Crimes Society Crimes

L	Most Serious Location	The location associated with the most serious crime committed for this hate crime incident.	Air/Bus/Train Terminal Bank/Savings and Loan Bar/Night Club Church/Synagogue/Temple Commercial/Office Building Construction Site Convenience Store Department/Discount Store Drug Store/Dr.'s Office/Hospital Field/Woods/Park Government/Public Building Grocery/Supermarket Highway/Road/Alley/Street Hotel/Motel/etc. Jail/Prison Lake/Waterway/Beach Liquor Store Parking Lot/Garage Rental Storage Facility Residence/Home/Driveway Restaurant Service/Gas Station Specialty Store (TV, Fur, etc.) Other/Unknown Abandoned/Condemned Structure Amusement Park Arena/Stadium/Fairgrounds/Coliseum ATM Separate from Bank Auto Dealership New/Used Camp/Campground Daycare Facility Dock/Wharf/Freight/Modal Terminal Farm Facility Gambling Facility/Casino/Race Track Industrial Site Military Installation Park/Playground Rest Area School-College/University School-Elementary/Secondary
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			Shelter-Mission/Homeless Shopping Mall Tribal Lands Community Center
M	MostSeriousBias	The specific bias motivation for the most serious crime committed for this hate crime incident.	<p><u>Race/Ethnicity/Ancestry:</u> Anti-White Anti-Black or African American Anti-American Indian/Alaska Native Anti-Asian Anti-Multiple Races/Group Anti-Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Anti-Arab Anti-Hispanic or Latino Anti-Other Race/Ethnicity/Ancestry Anti-Citizenship</p> <p><u>Religion:</u> Anti-Jewish Anti-Catholic Anti-Protestant Anti-Islamic (Muslim) Anti-Other Religion Anti-Multiple Religions/Group Anti-Atheism/Agnosticism Anti-Mormon (2015-2023) Anti-Church of Jesus Christ (2024-Current) Anti-Jehovah's Witness Anti-Eastern Orthodox (Russian/Greek/ Other) Anti-Other Christian Anti-Buddhist Anti-Hindu Anti-Sikh</p> <p><u>Sexual Orientation:</u> Anti-Gay (Male) Anti-Lesbian Anti-Lesbian/Gay/Bisexual or Transgender (Mixed Group) Anti-Heterosexual</p>

			Anti-Bisexual <u>Disability:</u> Anti-Physical Disability Anti-Mental Disability <u>Gender:</u> Anti-Male Anti-Female <u>Gender Nonconforming:</u> Anti-Transgender Anti-Gender Nonconforming
N	MostSeriousBiasType	The bias type category the specific bias motivation falls under.	Race/Ethnicity/Ancestry Religion Sexual Orientation Disability Gender Gender Nonconforming
O	MostSeriousVictimType	The type of victim associated with the most serious crime committed for this hate crime incident.	Individual Business Financial Institution Government Religious Organization Other
P	WeaponType	The type of weapon used in this hate crime incident.	Arson, Fire Blunt Object (bludgeon, club, etc) Firearm (unknown whether handgun, rifle or shotgun) Handgun Knife or Other Cutting or Stabbing Instrument Other (bottle, rocks, spitting) Other Gun (pellet, BB, stun gun, etc.) Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth, etc.) Poison

			Rifle Ropes or Garrote Strangulation or Hanging Shotgun Unknown Vehicle
Q	Offensive_Act	The type of offensive act committed in this hate crime incident.	Annoying Telephone Calls/Fax Bombing Cross Burning Damage to Building/Home Damage to Vehicle Daubing of Swastika Disturbing Public Assembly/Meeting Explosion Graffiti Hanging in Effigy Harassing Communication Other Rock Throwing Threatening Letters/Flyers/Email Unknown Verbal Slurs
R	IsMultipleBias	Denotes if event had more than one bias reported.	TRUE (Blank)
S	TotalNumberOfIndividualVictimsAdult	The total number of adult victims related to this incident.	Numeric Count
T	TotalNumberOfIndividualVictimsJuvenile	The total number of juvenile victims related to this incident.	Numeric Count

U	TotalNumberOfSuspectsAdult	The total number of adult suspects related to this incident.	Numeric Count
V	TotalNumberOfSuspectsJuvenile	The total number of juvenile suspects related to this incident.	Numeric Count
W	SuspectsEthnicityAsAGroup		Group of Multiple Ethnicities Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Unknown

Agency-Specific Data Characteristics and Limitations

2024

- Arvin Police Department (located in Kern County) did not report for January through December.
- Wasco Police Department (located in Kern County) began reporting in June.
- Downey Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) did not report for January through December.
- Brawley Police Department (located in Orange County) did not report all data for January.
- Plumas County Sheriff's Department (located in Plumas County) did not report all data for January through December.
- San Diego County Sheriff's Department (located in San Diego County) did not report all data for November through December.
- Lodi Police Department (located in San Joaquin County) did not report for January through July.
- Redding Police Department (located in Shasta County) did not report all data for December.

2023

- Cal Fire – Butte (located in Butte county) began reporting in January.
- Cal Fire – Tuolumne-Calaveras (located in Calaveras County) began reporting in May.
- Brawley Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report December.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report January through December.
- Imperial Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report all data for January through December.
- Westmorland Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report January through December.
- Arvin Police Department (located in Kern County) did not report January through December.

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- Lakeport Police Department (located in Lake County) did not report February through December.
- Cal Fire Lassen-Modoc (located in Lassen County) began reporting in September.
- Montebello Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) did not report November through December.
- Santa Monica College Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) began reporting April.
- Cal Fire – Madera-Mariposa-Merced (located in Mariposa County) began reporting in May.
- Mendocino County Sheriff's Department (located in Mendocino County) did not report January through December.
- Willits Police Department (located in Mendocino County) did not report all data for January through December.
- Cal Fire – San Benito-Monterey (located in Monterey County) began reporting in August.
- Napa Investigations (located in Napa County) began reporting in January.
- Costa Mesa Police Department (located in Orange County) did not report March, June, August and October.
- Garden Grove Police Department (located in Orange County) did not report all data for September through December.
- Orange Police Department (located in Orange County) did not report all data for January through December.
- Westminster Police Department (located in Orange County) did not report all data January through December.
- Cal Fire – Nevada-Yuba-Placer (located in Placer County) began reporting in June.
- Cal Fire – Riverside (located in Riverside County) began reporting in January.
- Cathedral City Police Department (located in Riverside County) did not report all data for January through December.
- Cal Fire – Office of State Fire Marshall (located in Sacramento County) began reporting in January.
- Cal Fire – San Bernardino (located in San Bernardino County) began reporting in May.
- Chaffey College Police Department (located in San Bernardino County) did not report February and July.
- San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department (located in San Bernardino County) did not report February through July.
- Cal Fire – San Diego (located in San Diego County) began reporting in June.
- San Diego Community College Police Department (located in San Diego County) began reporting in January.
- Lodi Police Department (located in San Joaquin County) did not report January through December.
- Cal Fire – San Luis Obispo (located in San Luis Obispo County) began reporting in March.
- Lompoc Police Department (located in Santa Barbara County) did not report all data for January through December.
- Morgan Hill Police Department (located in Santa Clara County) did not report all data for November through December.
- San Jose Police Department (located in Santa Clara County) did not report November through December.
- Cal Fire – San Mateo-Santa Cruz (located in Santa Cruz County) began reporting in April.
- Santa Cruz Police Department (located in Santa Cruz County) did not report all data for January through December.
- Cal Fire – Northern Region (located in Shasta County) began reporting in February.
- Redding Police Department (located in Shasta County) did not report February through April.
- Shasta County Sheriff's Department (located in Shasta County) did not report January through April.

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- Cal Fire – Siskiyou (located in Siskiyou County) began reporting in July.
- Yreka Police Department (located in Siskiyou County) did not report March through August and October.
- Solano County Sheriff's Department (located in Solano County) did not report February through December.
- Cal Fire – Sonoma-Lake-Napa (located in Sonoma County) began reporting in May.
- Cal Fire – Tehama-Glenn (located in Tehama County) began reporting in February.
- Cal Fire – Tulare (located in Tulare County) began reporting in April.
- West Sacramento Police Department (located in Yolo County) did not report all data for January through December.
- Yuba County Sheriff's Department (located in Yuba County) did not report all data for January through December.

2022

- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Arvin Police Department (located in Kern County) did not report for August through December.
- San Gabriel Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) did not report for January through December.
- Alturas Police Department (located in Modoc County) did not report for June.
- Lodi Police Department (located in San Joaquin County) did not report for January through December.
- Los Rios Police Department (located in Sacramento County) began reporting in November.
- Mira Costa College Police Department (located in San Diego County) began reporting in September.
- Lathrop Police Department (located in San Joaquin County) began reporting in July.
- Fairview Developmental Center (located in Orange County) stopped reporting and future stats will be reported by Porterville Dev Center.

2021

- Antioch Police Department (Located in Contra Costa County) did not report for November.
- Baldwin Park School Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) closed in July. They did not report for March through December
- Moraga Police Department (located in Contra Costa County) did not report for January through December.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Hanford Police Department (located in Kings County) did not report for August through December.
- Montebello Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) did not report for June and for October through December.
- Novato Police Department (located in Marin County) did not report for January through December.
- Garden Grove Police Department (located in Orange County) did not report for January, May, and September through December.
- La Habra Police Department (located in Orange County) did not report for January through December.
- Lemoore Police department (located in Kings County) did not report for July.
- Cathedral City Police Department (located in Riverside County) did not report for April through December.
- Anderson Police Department (located in Shasta County) did not report September through December.
- Corning Police Department (located in Tehama County) did not report May through December.

2020

- Sonoma Parks and Recreation changed its name to Bay Area Parks and Recreation.
- Sonoma and Marin Parks and Recreation merged with and began reporting under Bay Area Parks and

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Recreation in January.

- Hollister District and Twin Cities Parks and Recreation merged with and began reporting under Diablo Range Parks and Recreation in January.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Santa Clara BART began reporting in June.
- Diablo Range Parks and Recreation began reporting in January.
- Biggs Police Department (located in Butte County) stopped reporting in July. Criminal statistics are now included in those of the Butte County Sheriff's Office.
- Menifee Police Department (located in Riverside County) stopped contracting with the Riverside County Sheriff's Office in July.
- Montebello Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) did not report for September through December.
- Santa Rosa Police Department (located in Nevada County) did not report for August through December.

2019

- Clovis Unified School Police Department (located in Fresno County) began reporting in February.
- Baldwin Park School Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) began reporting in June.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Westmorland Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Fresno Police Department (located in Fresno County) did not report for November and December.
- Santa Maria Police Department (located in Santa Barbara County) did not report for August through October.
- San Diego Harbor Police Department (located in San Diego County) did not report from January through December.
- Redding Police Department (located in Shasta County) did not report from May through December.
- Bay Area and Marin Parks and Recreation consolidated reporting under Sonoma Parks and Recreation.
- Hollister Hills and Twin Cities Parks and Recreation consolidated reporting under Diablo Range Parks and Recreation.

2018

- Kern High School District Police Department (located in Kern County) began reporting in January.
- Chaffey College Police Department (located in San Bernardino County) began reporting in January.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Monterey Airport Police Department (located in Monterey County) closed in October. Criminal statistics are now included in those of Del Rey Oaks Police Department.
- San Diego Harbor Police Department (located in San Diego County) did not report for September through December.
- Sonoma Developmental Center/Eldridge Police Department (located in Sonoma County) closed.
- Russian River Parks and Recreation changed its name to Sonoma Mendocino Coast Parks and Recreation.

2017

- Metropolitan State Hospital (located in Los Angeles County) began reporting in January.
- East Bay Municipal Utility District (located in Contra Costa County) merged with and began reporting under East Bay Regional Park in January.
- Mendocino Parks and Recreation merged with and began reporting under Russian River Parks and Recreation in January.
- UC Hastings Police Department (located in San Francisco) merged with and began reporting under UC San

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Francisco in January.

- Willows Police Department (located in Glenn County) disbanded in July. Criminal statistics are now included in those of the Glenn County Sheriff's Office.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.

2016

- Irvine Valley College Police Department (located in Orange County) began reporting in January.
- Mount San Jacinto Community College Police Department (located in Riverside County) began reporting in January.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- El Monte Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) did not report for May through December. Negative reporting all months
- La Verne Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) did not report for September through December. Negative reporting on hate

2015

- Imperial County Sheriff's Department (located in Imperial County) began to report Holtville's arrest statistics as a contract agency.
- Lanterman Developmental Center (located in Los Angeles County) closed in July.
- Richmond Police Department (located in Contra Costa County) did not report for November.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Lompoc Police Department (located in Santa Barbara County) did not report for September through December.

2014

- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Solano Community College (located in Solano County) stopped reporting in September. Criminal statistics are now included in those of the Solano County Sheriff's Department.

2013

- Orange Cove Police Department (located in Fresno County) began reporting in January.
- Central Marin Police Authority (located Marin County) began reporting in January.
- Twin Cities Police Department and San Anselmo Police Department (located in Marin County) merged in January and now report as Central Marin Police Authority.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.

2012

- Millbrae Police Department (located in San Mateo County) was disbanded in March and contracted services with the San Mateo County Sheriff's Department. Criminal statistics are now included in those of the Sheriff's Department.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.

2011

- Eastvale (located in Riverside County) began reporting in January.
- Jurupa Valley (located in Riverside County) began reporting in July.
- Half Moon Bay Police Department (located in San Mateo County) disbanded in July and contracted services with the San Mateo County Sheriff's Department. Criminal statistics are now included in those of the Sheriff's

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Department.

- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Modoc County Sheriff's Department (located in Modoc County) did not report for March through July and September through November.
- Holtville Police Department (located in Imperial County) reopened under NCIC 1305 in January.

2010

- McFarland Police Department (located in Kern County) began reporting in January.
- Shasta County Marshal's (located in Shasta County) began reporting in January.
- Reedley Community College and Fresno Community College (located in Fresno County) merged in January and now report under State Center Community College.
- Trinidad Police Department (located in Humboldt County) stopped reporting in May and consolidated reporting under Humboldt County Sheriff's Department.
- San Carlos Police Department (located in San Mateo County) stopped reporting in November and consolidated reporting under San Mateo County Sheriff's Department.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Holtville Police Department (located in Imperial County) disbanded and contracted services with the Imperial County Sheriff's Department.
- Solano County Sheriff's Department (located in Solano County) did not report for May through December.

2009

- Mendota Police Department (located in Fresno County) began reporting in September.
- Tehachapi Police Department (located in Kern County) began reporting in January.
- Rancho Cordova (located in Sacramento County) began reporting in January.
- Tehachapi Parks and Recreation (located in San Bernardino County) began reporting in January.
- Agnews Developmental Center (located in Santa Clara County) closed in July.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Hanford Police Department (located in Kings County) did not report for July through December.
- Lemoore Police Department (located in Kings County) did not report for December.
- Upland Police Department (located in San Bernardino County) did not report for August through December.

2008

- Coalinga State Hospital (located in Fresno County) began reporting in January.
- Menifee Police Department (located in Riverside County) began reporting in October.
- Wildomar Police Department (located in Riverside County) began reporting in August.
- Patton State Hospital (located in San Bernardino County) began reporting in January.
- Blue Lake Police Department (located in Humboldt County) closed in July. Criminal statistics are now included in those of the Humboldt County Sheriff's Department.
- Grant Union School District (located in Sacramento County) merged with three other school districts to become Twin Rivers Unified School.

2007

- Citrus Heights Police Department (located in Sacramento County) began reporting in January.
- University of California Lawrence Livermore Lab (located in Alameda County) turned over management to the U.S. government and stopped reporting crime statistics in July.
- California State University Hayward (located in Alameda County) changed its name to California State University East Bay.
- Kings River Community College (located in Fresno County) changed its name to Reedley Community College.

2006

- University of California Merced Police Department (located in Merced County) began reporting in January.
- Elk Grove Police Department (located in Sacramento County) began reporting in July.
- Ventura Community College Police Department (located in Ventura County) began reporting in January.
- Calipatria Police Department (located in Imperial County) did not report for January through December.
- Los Alamitos Police Department (located in Orange County) did not report for November through December.
- Agnews Developmental Center (located in Santa Clara County) did not report for July through December.

2005

- In January, Los Angeles Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) began reporting under two sub-jurisdictions: Valley (San Fernando) and Non Valley. For publication purposes, arrest statistics are combined. Hate Crime statistics were not sent separate.
- Bay Area Rapid Transit (NCICS-0121, 0718, 3805, 4123) did not report for January through December.
- California State University San Diego did not report for November or December.
- Union Pacific Railroad San Mateo (located in San Mateo County) did not report for December.
- Vallejo Police Department (located in Solano County) did not report for July through December.
- Tuolumne County Sheriff's Department (located in Tuolumne County) did not report for November or December.

2004

- Bay Area Rapid Transit did not report for November or December.
- San Jacinto Police Department (located in Riverside County) did not report for January through May.
- Vallejo Police Department (located in Solano County) did not report for July through December.
- San Simeon Parks and Recreation closed in January and consolidated reporting with San Luis Obispo Parks and Recreation.

2003

- Solano Community College (located in Solano County) began reporting in January.
- Butte County Sheriff's Department (located in Butte County) did not report for October through December.
- Long Beach City College Police Department (located in Los Angeles County) stopped reporting after July. Their arrest statistics are now included in those of the Long Beach Police Department.
- San Jacinto (located in Riverside County) did not report for February through June.
- Santa Maria Police Department (located in Santa Barbara County) did not report for January through December.
- Sonoma County Sheriff's Department (located in Sonoma County) did not report for June through December.
- Windsor (located Sonoma County) did not report for June through December.

2002

- Truckee Police Department (located in Nevada County) began reporting in January.
- Goleta (located in Santa Barbara County) began reporting in February. Statistics for January were reported by Santa Barbara County Sheriff's Department.
- California State University Stockton, a satellite campus of CSU Stanislaus (located in San Joaquin County), closed in July.
- Berkeley Police Department (located in Alameda County) did not report for September through December.
- Isleton Police Department (located in Sacramento County) did not report for October through December.

2001

- Long Beach City College (located in Los Angeles County) began reporting in January.
- Mendocino Parks and Recreation began reporting in July.
- Aliso Viejo (located in Orange County) began reporting in July.
- Grant Union School District (located in Sacramento County) began reporting in February.
- Los Angeles City College (located in Los Angeles County) stopped reporting in January. Their arrest statistics are now included in those of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department.
- Trinidad Police Department (located in Humboldt County) did not report for January through July.
- American River Parks and Recreation changed its name to Gold Fields Parks and Recreation.
- Gold Rush Parks and Recreation changed its name to Capital Parks and Recreation.
- Los Lagos Parks and Recreation changed its name to Inland Empire Parks and Recreation.
- Pismo Dunes Parks and Recreation changed its name to Oceano Dunes Parks and Recreation.
- Russian River/Mendocino Parks and Recreation changed its name to Russian River Parks and Recreation.